AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- (Currently amended) A data storage device comprising: write-once memory; non-volatile memory; and
- a circuit for writing user data to the write-once memory and storing in the non-volatile memory at least one of the user data and error correction data such that blocks containing the user data written to the write-once memory are not padded.
- 2. (Currently amended) The device of claim 1, A data storage device comprising write-once memory; non-volatile memory; and a circuit; wherein the circuit stores an incomplete block of user data in the non-volatile memory [;] and uses the stored user data to form a full block when new user data is received; and wherein the circuit generates error correction data for the full block, and writes the full block of user data and the error correction data to the write-once memory.
- 3. (Currently amended) The device of claim 1, wherein the circuit writes A data storage device comprising write-once memory; non-volatile memory; and a circuit for writing an incomplete block of user data to the write-once memory, generates generating error correction data for a full block including the user data and padding, and stores storing at least some of the error correction data in the non-volatile memory.
- 4. (Original) The device of claim 3, wherein final error correction data is written to the write-once memory and temporary error correction data is written to the non-volatile memory.

- 5. (Original) The device of claim 3, wherein the incomplete block of user data is written between starting and ending addresses in the write-once memory; and wherein the circuit also writes the ending address to the non-volatile memory.
- 6. (Original) The device of claim 3, wherein the circuit accesses the incomplete block from the write-once memory, pads the incomplete block, accesses the error correction data, and uses the error correction data to perform error correction on the padded block.
- 7. (Original) The device of claim 6, wherein the device receives new user data, and adds the new user data to the error-corrected user data.
- 8. (Original) The device of claim 3, wherein the error correction data includes RS-PC code words.
- 9. (Currently amended) The device of claim 1, wherein storage capacity ef the non-volatile memory is not large enough to store a single less than full block of user data block size.
 - 10.(Original) A data storage device comprising: a substrate;
- at least one level of solid state one-time programmable memory on the substrate:

non-volatile memory in the substrate; and

a circuit for writing user data to the write-once memory and using the user data to create error correction data, at least some of the error correction data stored in the non-volatile memory.

- 11. (Original) The device of claim 10, wherein the circuit writes an incomplete block of user data to the write-once memory, generates error correction data for a full block including the incomplete block and padding, and stores the error correction data in the non-volatile memory.
- 12. (Original)The device of claim 11, wherein final error correction data is written to the write-once memory and temporary error correction data is written to the non-volatile memory.
- 13 (Original)The device of claim 11, wherein the incomplete block of user data is written between starting and ending addresses in the write-once memory; and wherein the circuit also writes the ending address to the non-volatile memory.
- 14. (Original) The device of claim 11, wherein the circuit accesses the incomplete block from the write-once memory, accesses the error correction data from the non-volatile memory, pads the incomplete block, and uses the error correction data to perform error correction on the padded block.
- 15. (Original)The device of claim 14, wherein the device receives new user data, and adds the new user data to the error-corrected user data.
- 16. (Original)The device of claim 10, wherein the error correction data includes RS-PC code words.

17. (Original)Apparatus comprising:

write-once memory;

means for buffering an incomplete block of user data;

means for storing the incomplete block in the write-once memory;

means for adding padding to the incomplete block to form a padded

block;

means for generating error correction data for the padded block; and means for storing at least some of the error correction data in the non-volatile memory.

- 18. Apparatus for a data storage device including write-once memory and non-volatile memory, the apparatus comprising a control circuit for writing user data to the write-once memory and storing in the non-volatile memory at least one of the user data and the error correction data <u>such that user data</u> blocks stored in the <u>write-once memory are not padded</u>.
- 19. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 18, wherein the circuit writes Apparatus for a data storage device including write-once memory and non-volatile memory, the apparatus comprising a control circuit for writing an incomplete block of user data to the write-once memory, generates generating error correction data for a full block including the user data and padding, and stores-storing at least some of the error correction data in the non-volatile memory.
- 20. (Original) The apparatus of claim 19, wherein final error correction data is written to the write-once memory and temporary error correction data is written to the non-volatile memory.

- 21.(Original) The apparatus of claim 19, wherein the incomplete block of user data is written between starting and ending addresses in the write-once memory; and wherein the circuit also writes the ending address to the non-volatile memory.
- 22. (Original) The apparatus of claim 19, wherein the circuit accesses the incomplete block from the write-once memory, accesses the error correction data, and uses the error correction data to perform error correction on the user data in the incomplete block.
- 23. (Currently amended) The apparatus claim 22, wherein the device circuit receives new user data, and adds the new user data to the error-corrected user data.

24. (Original)A method of writing to a device including non-volatile

- memory and write-once memory, the method comprising:

 buffering an incomplete block of user data;

 storing the incomplete block in the write-once memory;

 adding padding to the incomplete block to form a padded block;

 generating error correction data for the padded block; and

 storing at least some of the error correction data in the non-volatile memory.
- 25. (Original)The method of claim 24, wherein the incomplete block of user data is written between starting and ending addresses in the write-once memory; and wherein the method further comprises writing the ending address to the non-volatile memory.

26. (Original)The method of claim 25, further comprising:
accessing the incomplete block from the write-once memory;
accessing the error correction data;
padding the incomplete block; and
using the error correction data to perform error correction on the padded block.

27. (Currently amended) The method of claim 26, further comprising: receiving new user data; adding the new user data to <u>unpadded user data in the error-corrected block user data-to form a full block.</u>

generating new error correction data for the full block; and writing the new error correction data and the new user data to the write-once memory.